



## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



**Part # 22159865**



## 4.75" Stroke Rear HQ Shock Eye/Stud



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**Please Read And Understand All Instructions  
And Warnings Prior To The Installation Of  
This Product.**



**THANK YOU**

Congratulations on your new ridetech product! It's an honor that you've selected the ridetech brand to upgrade your ride. Our products are developed around quality and performance without compromise. We're confident you'll have many years (and miles) of pure driving enjoyment.  
Thank you for choosing ridetech!

### Road Map

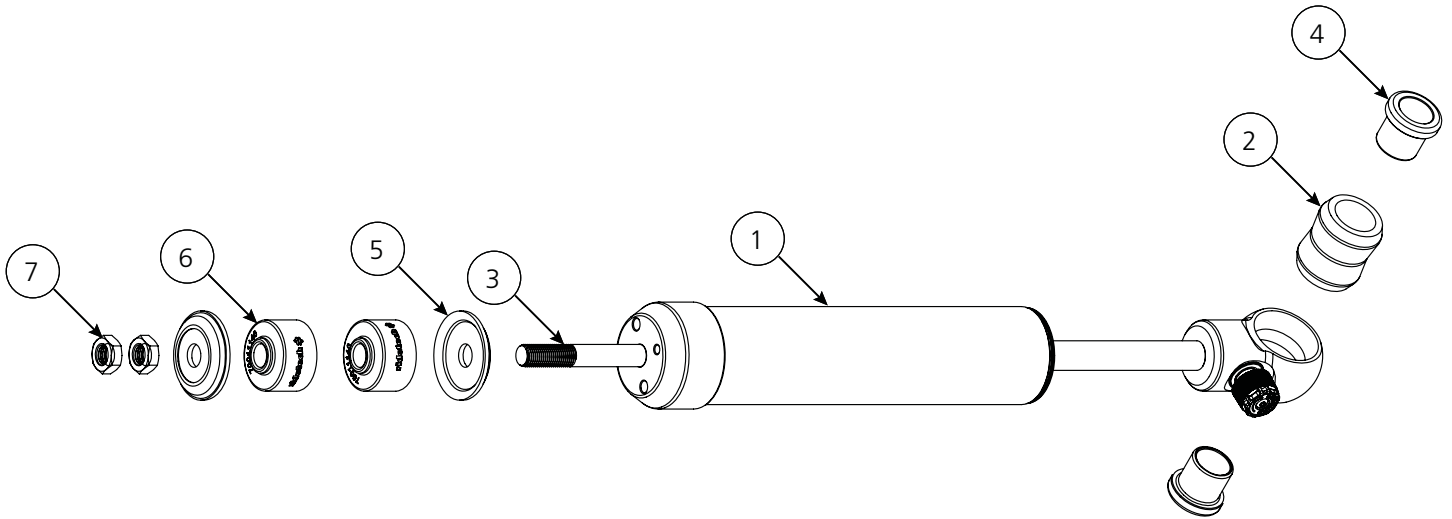
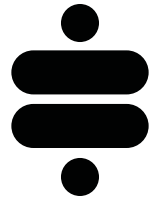
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### Shock Dimensions

Measured From Center Eye To Bottom Of Stem Bushing	
<b>Compressed</b>	<b>9.75"</b>
<b>Ride Height</b>	<b>13.60"</b>
<b>Extended</b>	<b>16.40"</b>

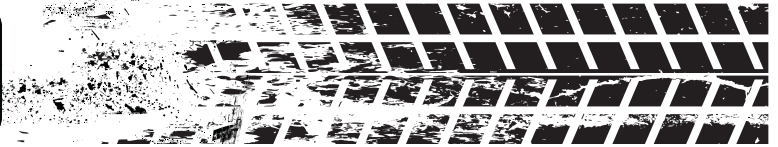


# EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LISTING



Item #	Part #	Description	Qty
1	986-10-039	4.75" Stroke HQ Shock	1
2	70011138	3/4" ID Shock Bushing	1
3	72000224	Stud	1
4	70011190	.625" ID Shock Sleeve	2
5	70011141	Washer	2
6	70011140	Stem Bushing	2
7	99372006	3/8" -24 Thin Jam Nut	2

# Shock Installation



1. Remove the existing shocks.
2. Install a Bushing Support Washer onto the shock stud followed by a Shock Stem Bushing (Figure 1).
3. Insert the assembly through the factory shock hole in the frame. With the shock stud sticking through the frame, install a Shock Stem Bushing on the shock stud followed by a Bushing Support Washer. Install a 3/8"-24 Thin Jam nut onto the threads and tighten to **35 in-lbs**.  
**NOTE:** The Bushing should be tight, but not to the point that the bushing is bulging past the Support Washer (Figure 1).
4. Install the 2nd 3/8"-24 Thin Jam nut and tighten it against the first nut.
5. Press a sleeve into each side of the eyelet bushing.
6. Attach the eyelet to the OEM frame mount. Use the OEM hardware to attach the shock (Figure 2).

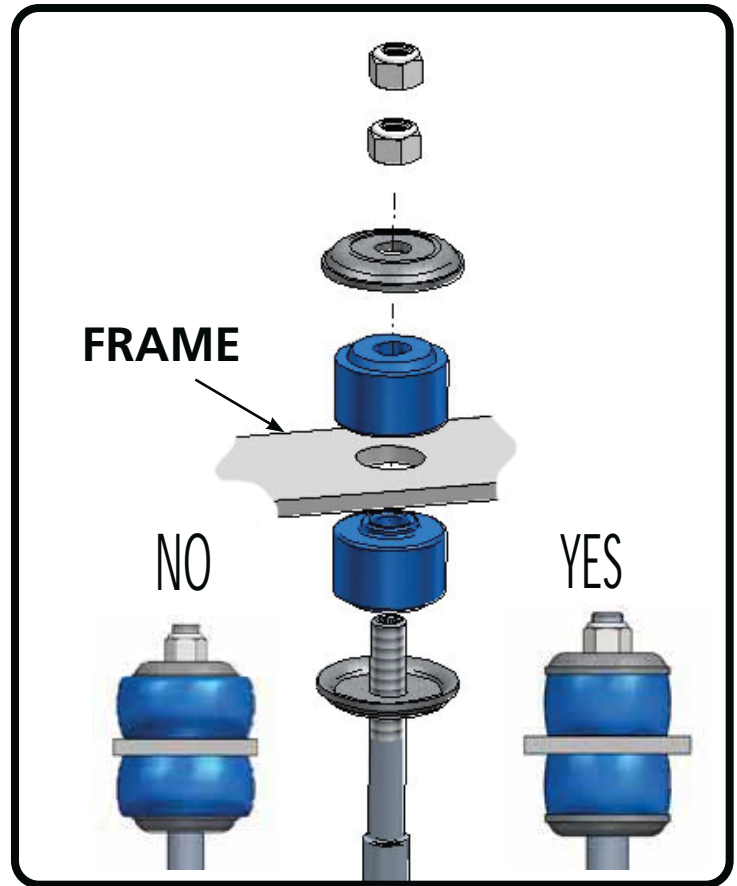


Figure 1

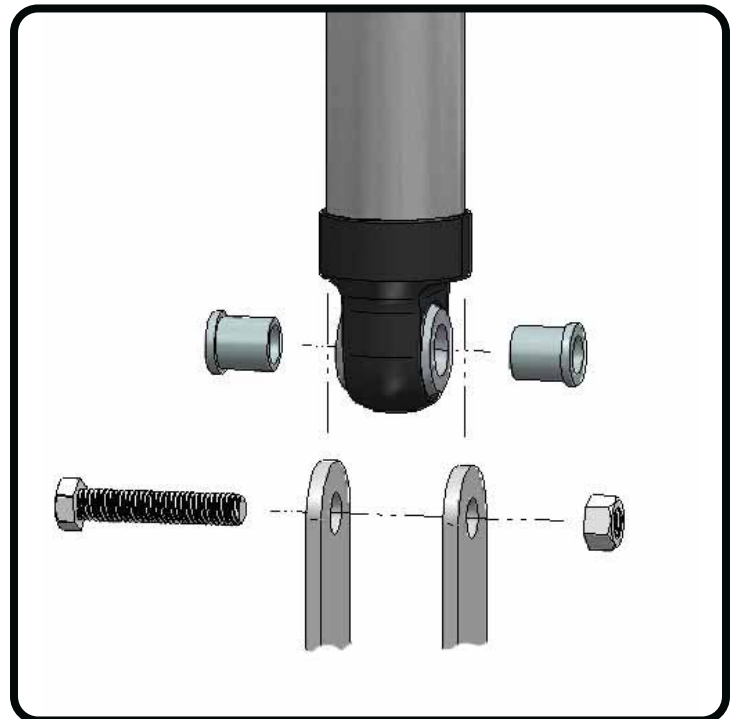


Figure 2



# TUNING GUIDE

## SINGLE-ADJUSTABLE SHOCKS



### The Basics...



#### COMPRESSION

This typically occurs when you hit a bump in the road. The bump forces the wheel/tire/suspension assembly to "compress" or move upwards into the car.



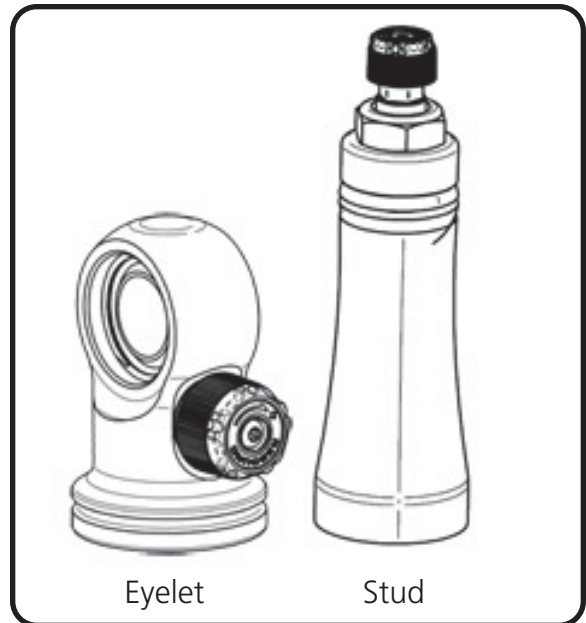
#### REBOUND

Rebound is the opposite of compression. This occurs when the wheel/tire/suspension assembly falls into a pothole, or simply "rebounds" from being compressed.

### Where Are The Knobs?

#### HQ Series Shocks

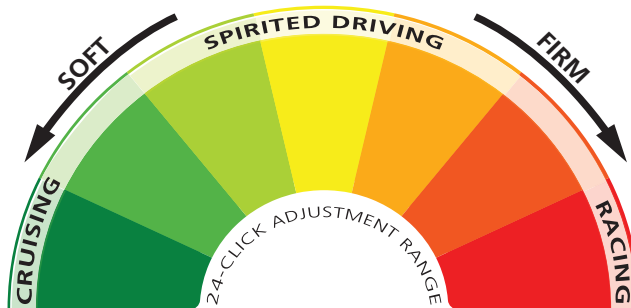
- The adjustment knob is located on the top of the shock, either protruding from the side of the eyelet, or atop the stud.
- This knob provides rebound adjustment only.



### Knob Function

Counterclockwise

=  
Softer



Clockwise

=  
Firmer





# TUNING GUIDE

## SINGLE-ADJUSTABLE SHOCKS



### Initial Rebound Setting

**NOTE:** Before jumping straight to a middle-of-the-road shock setting, we recommend you experience the full range of adjustment potential of your new shocks by first driving your vehicle at both the “full stiff” and “full soft” settings. Understanding how your shocks behave at these extremes will provide recognizable reference points as you attempt to dial in your settings.

1. Begin by setting your shocks to the “full stiff”, or minimal rebound position. You do this by turning the adjustment knob clockwise until it stops.

2. Now turn the adjustment knob counterclockwise 12 clicks. This is the approximate center of the adjustment range.

3. Take the vehicle for a test drive. Try to determine if you are experiencing any of the unwanted behaviors found at the extremes of the adjustment range. If you are satisfied with the ride quality and handling, you’re all set. Enjoy the ride!

4. If the vehicle feels too “floaty” or soft, turn the knob a few clicks clockwise to increase the damping effect.

If the ride quality is still too harsh or stiff, turn the knob a few more clicks counterclockwise to decrease the damping effect.

5. Take the vehicle for another test drive. If necessary, repeat the steps above until your desired optimal ride quality has been achieved.



### General Guidelines

- The rear shocks typically have the most influence on ride quality. This is due to your seating position being closer to the rear than the front.
- Adjustments to the front shocks will generally require 3-4 clicks in any direction to be noticeable, while adjustments to the rear shocks may only require 1-2 clicks to be felt.
- Don’t be afraid to turn the knobs and experience the full adjustment range. You are not going to hurt anything and you can always go back if you adjust too far one way or the other.